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R3PA-1993-13564-153



US Deportment of Transportation

Research and Special Programs Administration

The Administrator

400 seventh Street, S.W Washington, D.C. 20590

MJG 13 1993

The Honorable Herb Klein U.S. House of Representatives Washington, DC 20515

Dear Congressman Klein:

Thank you for your letter to Ms. Jackie Lowey, Acting Director, Office of Congressional Affairs, forwarding correspondence from Mr. Alan C. Marcus regarding an interim final rule issued by the Department of Transportation's Research and Special Programs Administration (RSPA). Your letter has been referred to RSPA for response.

Mr. Marcus expressed concerns about RSPA's decision to adopt oil spill prevention and response planning requirements mandated by the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended by the Oil Pollution Act of 1990, within the regulatory framework of the Hazardous Materials Regulations.

Following an expedited review of the public comments on this rule, Secretary Peña determined that classifying animal and vegetable oils as hazardous materials was not supported. Subsequently, RSPA removed the hazardous materials designation and established modified requirements for oil transportation. I have enclosed a copy of the interim final rule that made these regulatory changes.

We appreciate your interest in this rulemaking. Your letter and that of Mr. Marcus have been made part of the public docket. If we can be of further assistance in this matter, please contact me or Ms. Patricia Klinger, who handles our congressional inquiries, at (202) 366-4831.

Sincerely,

Rose A. McMurray

Acting Administrator

Enclosure

HERB KLEIN

8TH DISTRICT. NEW JERSEY
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WASHINGTON. DC 20516
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Congress of the United States

House of Representatives Washington, DC 20515-3008

July 9, 1993

COMMITTEES

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AND AVIATION

ENERGY

Ms. Jackie Lowey Acting Director, Office of Congressional Affairs U.S. Department of Transportation Room 10406 (I-10) 400 Seventh St., S.W. Washington, D.C. 20590

Dear Ms. Lowey:

One of my constituents has contacted me regarding a matter in which **I** believe your agency could be helpful. Therefore, the enclosed communication is submitted for your review.

I would very much appreciate your responding to the points raised by my constituent, and offering any assistance available under the applicable laws and regulations. In addition, I would be especially grateful if you could respond to my Washington office.

The contact person on my staff for this case is Jeff Steer. He can be reached at (202) 225-5751.

Thank you very much for your consideration, and for advising me of any action you should take in this matter.

Sincerel

Member of Congress

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HCK:js

THE MARCUS GROUP, INC.

PUBLIC AFFAIRS COUNSEL

300 PLAZA DRIVE

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SECAUCUS, NEW JERSEY 07096-3309

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June 2, 1993

The Hon. Horbort Klein 1728 Longworth Building Washington, DC 20515

Dear Herb:

As a follow-up to our recent communications regarding RSPA-US DOT, Docket No. HM 214, 49 CFR Part 171, et al, I thought it appropriate to share with you comments submitted to DOT by Commissioner Barbara McConnell of the New Jersey State Department of Commerce and Economic Development and Ms. Lillian C. Liburdi, Director, Port Department of the Port Authority of New York and New Jersey. Both the Port Authority and Department of Commerce support the position of our client Hudson Tank Terminals in opposition to the proposed regulation as presently drafted.

We hope that you will also comment to DOT and support the alternative endorsed by the Department of Commerce which calls for DOT to develop a <u>new regulated</u>. "non-hazardous" category for edible fats and oils. This would meet DOT's goals of preventing and responding to spills, without imposing the burdens of treating non-hazardous commodities as if they were true hazardous materials.

The comment period closes tomorrow (June 3),

Again, thank you very much for your consideration. I look forward to hearing from you.

Sincerely/

THE MARCUS GROUP, INC.

Alan C. Marcus President

ACM/apd Attachments 93-563

EXPRESSION

June 1, 1993

Laten C. Liberta Director Per Raparmen

Dockets Unit
Research & Special Programs Administration
Department Of Transportation
400 Seventh St., S.Y.
Room 8421
Vashington, D.C. 20590-0001

Ret Docket Number SM-214: Amendment Nos. 171-119, 172-128, 173-1132, 174-71 and 176-32

Dear Sirs

The Port Authority of New York and New Jersey wishes to add its strong objection to the Department of Transportation proposal to classify animal and vegetable oil as hazardous material. Our concern is prompted by the practical implications of the proposed rule triggering New Jersey State regulations, which would have a potential adverse competitive effect an the commerce in the Port of New York/New Jersey. The problem is that New Jersey has strict regulations for handling, transporting and storing materials classified as hazardous, While these regulations, possibly the strictest in the country, may be appropriate when properly applied, their application to animal and vegetable oil would be illegical and counter productive. By, we believe, needless requirements that animal and vegetable oils be treated as hazardous, RSPA may make it too expensive to operate a tarminal in our port.

The Hudson Tank Terminals Corporation at Port Newark has 150 storage tanks and handles 600,000 matric tons of animal and vegetable ails annually. The product is transported in 12,500 tank trucks, over 1,100 rail cars, and 200 tank containers per year. All of this is in compliance with current applicable State and Federal regulations. However, the proposed regulations would make the rail and truck tankers inadequate to handle this.

The hazardous designation can add over \$300 to the cost of each railroad tank Car shipment for specialized equipment and tracking costs. In excess of 5100 per employee must be invested in everences, familiarization and safety training required by other regulations, such as to OSHA, for an eventuality which will never occur; to be the "first responder" In a hazardous material spill; and, to handle 8 product "Generally Recognized as Safe" by the Food and Drug Administration. Insurance costs are estimated to increase 200% because of the Hazardous Materials labsi and its erroneous implications. The tenant vould be required to hire two additional lull-rime persons to handle administrative and supervisory programs under the proposed federal and existing state regulations.

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United States Department of Transportation Nay 28, 1993 Page Two

In New Jersey, we strive to ensure a balance between economic and environmental policy. While we realize the pressures of environmental concerns in a globe: community, we respectfully request consideration of this amendment in the final adoption of these regulations.

sincerely.

Barbera Moconne

Commissioner

SENT BY: Xerox Telecopier 702: : 6-2-93 : 4:0:PM :



STATE OF NEW JERREY DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE & ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT MARY G. ROEBLING BUILDING ON 820 TRENTON, NEW JERSEY 08625-0820

BARBARA MOCONNELL COMMISSIONER (609) 2012-2004

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May 28, 1993

Dockets Unit
Research and Special Programs
Administration
United States Department: of Transportation
400 Seventh Street, SW
Room 8421
Washington, DC 20590-0001

RE: RSPA - US DOT, Docket No. HM 214, 49 CFR Part 171, et. al.

Dear Sir/Madam:

On 'behalf of the New Jersey Department of Commerce and Economic Develop", we respectfully request you accept our comments on the above-referenced regulation which would classify edible animal and vegetable oils as Class V hazardous material,

New Jersey's stringent environmental statutes rely upon federal regulations to define haeardous substances. Adoption of this regulation would pur local businesses at a competitive disadvantage with other states.

In particular, this regulation would have negative impact on the Port Authority of New York and Now Jersey and on the chipping business in the metropolitan area by diverting commerce to other ports. Companies that transport these edible fats and oils may transfer their business to southern and Guif port8 in order to avoid the high cost of meeting New Jersey/Federal regulations.

Implementation of the proposed regulation will impose a severe financial hardship, with no net improvement in the environment. It threatens to increase the price of food products which contain fheae materials.

He urge DOT to develop a new rea 't category, for edible fats and oils. This would meet DOT's goals of preventing and responding to spills, without imposing the burdens of treating the non-hazardous commodities as if they were true hazardous materials.

New Jersey Is An Equal Opportunity Employer

- 2 -

We are told that should the proposed rule be implemented New Jorsey State Regulations in turn will require on investment ut almost \$1 million dollars just for high-layer alarm systems to monitor everflow at Hudson Tank. Another \$4 million = \$4 million will need to be spent fur containment systems, retrofiting truck and tail loading facilities, etc., which will not enhance existing programs in place to protect personnel and the environment.

The Port Nevark/Elizabeth Marine Terminal facilities of the Port Authority of NY 1 NJ, are the largest port complex on the East Coast. This proud distinction results from a great deal of effort in a very compositive industry. In the deep vater import/export bulk liquid business, we compote with Philadelphia, Norfolk, Savannah, New Orleans, Houeron and the West Coast Ports. Designating snimel and vegetable oil as a hazardous material and, consequently, subjecting the product to existing federal and state regulations governing such, puts our Port at a competitive disadvantage to every other port where state environmental regulations may not be enforced as attringently.

Ultimately, the question is whether the characterization of vegetable and animal oils as hazardous is appropriate end justified. After reviewing comments on the merits of the issue, we believe the proposal to be inappropriate, unjustified, and enti-competitive. We strongly unge you to reconsider this course of action.

Sincerely,

Director

Port Department